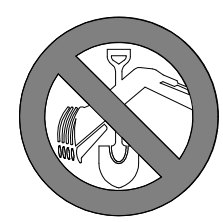


EROSION/SEDIMENT CONTROL PLAN

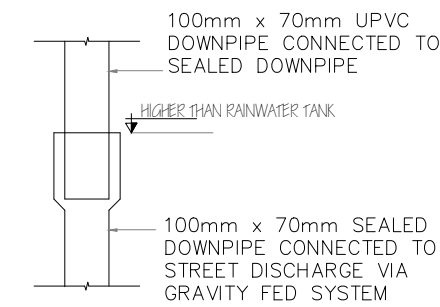
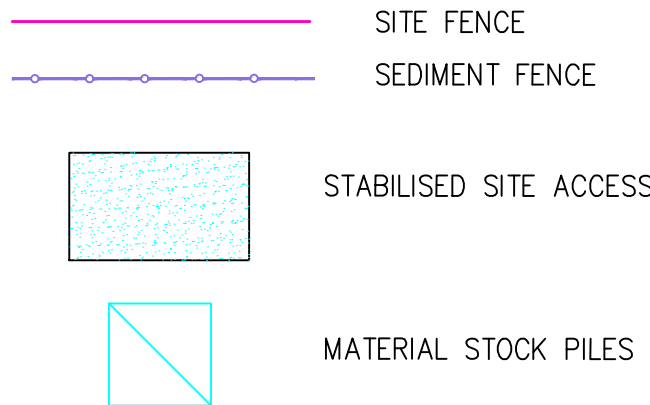
NOTES:

1. DRAWINGS TO BE READ IN CONJUNCTION WITH ARCHITECTURAL PLANS



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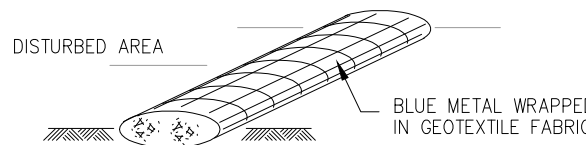
SYMBOLS



NOTES: Downpipes too close to the wall than a charged line system.

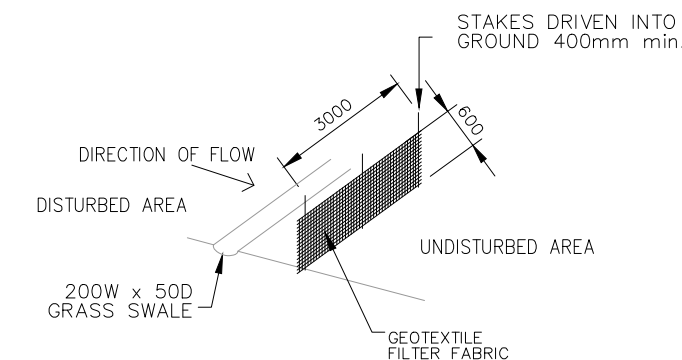
TYPICAL RAINWATER DETAIL

N.T.S.



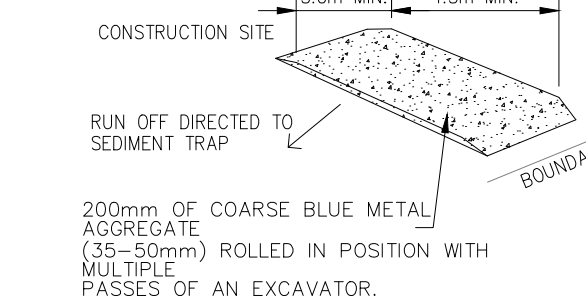
SEDIMENT BARRIER

N.T.S.



SEDIMENT FENCE DETAIL

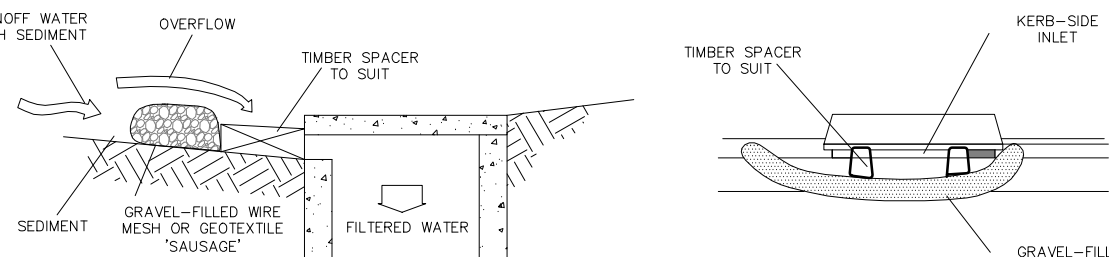
N.T.S.



CONSTRUCTION ENTRY/EXIT DETAIL

N.T.S.

PLACE GRAVEL SAUSAGE AROUND THE NEAREST DOWNSTREAM COUNCIL STORMWATER PIT IN XXXX STREET.

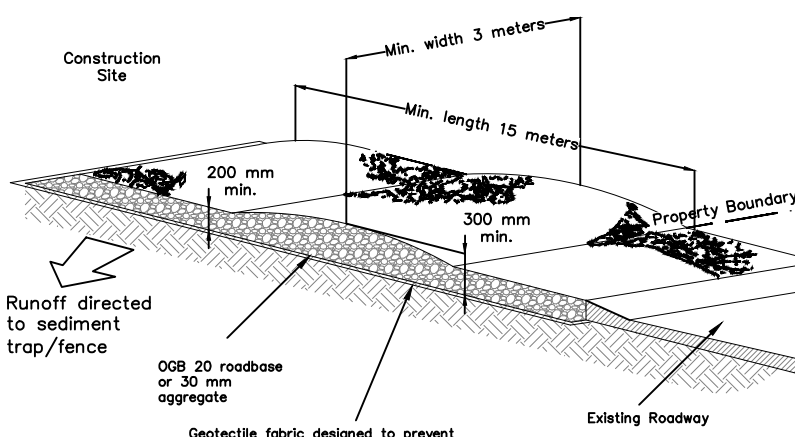


Construction Notes

1. INSTALL FILTERS TO KERB INLETS AT SAG POINTS.
2. FABRICATE A SLEEVE MADE FROM GEOTEXTILE OR WIRE MESH LONGER THAN THE LENGTH OF THE INLET PIT AND FILL IT WITH 25 mm TO 50 mm GRAVEL.
3. FROM AN ELIPTICAL CROSS-SECTION ABOUT 150 mm HIGH X 400 mm WIDE.
4. PLACE THE FILTER AT THE OPENING LEAVING AT LEAST A 100 mm SPACE BETWEEN IT AND THE KERB INLET.
5. FORM A SEAL WITH THE KERB TO PREVENT SEDIMENT BYPASSING FILTER.
6. SANDBAGS FILLED WITH GRAVEL CAN BE SUBSTITUTE FOR THE MESH OR GEOTEXTILE PROVIDING THEY ARE PLACED SO THAT THEY FIRMLY ABUT EACH OTHER AND SEDIMENT-LADEN WATERS CANNOT PASS BETWEEN.

GRAVEL AND MESH INLET FILTER

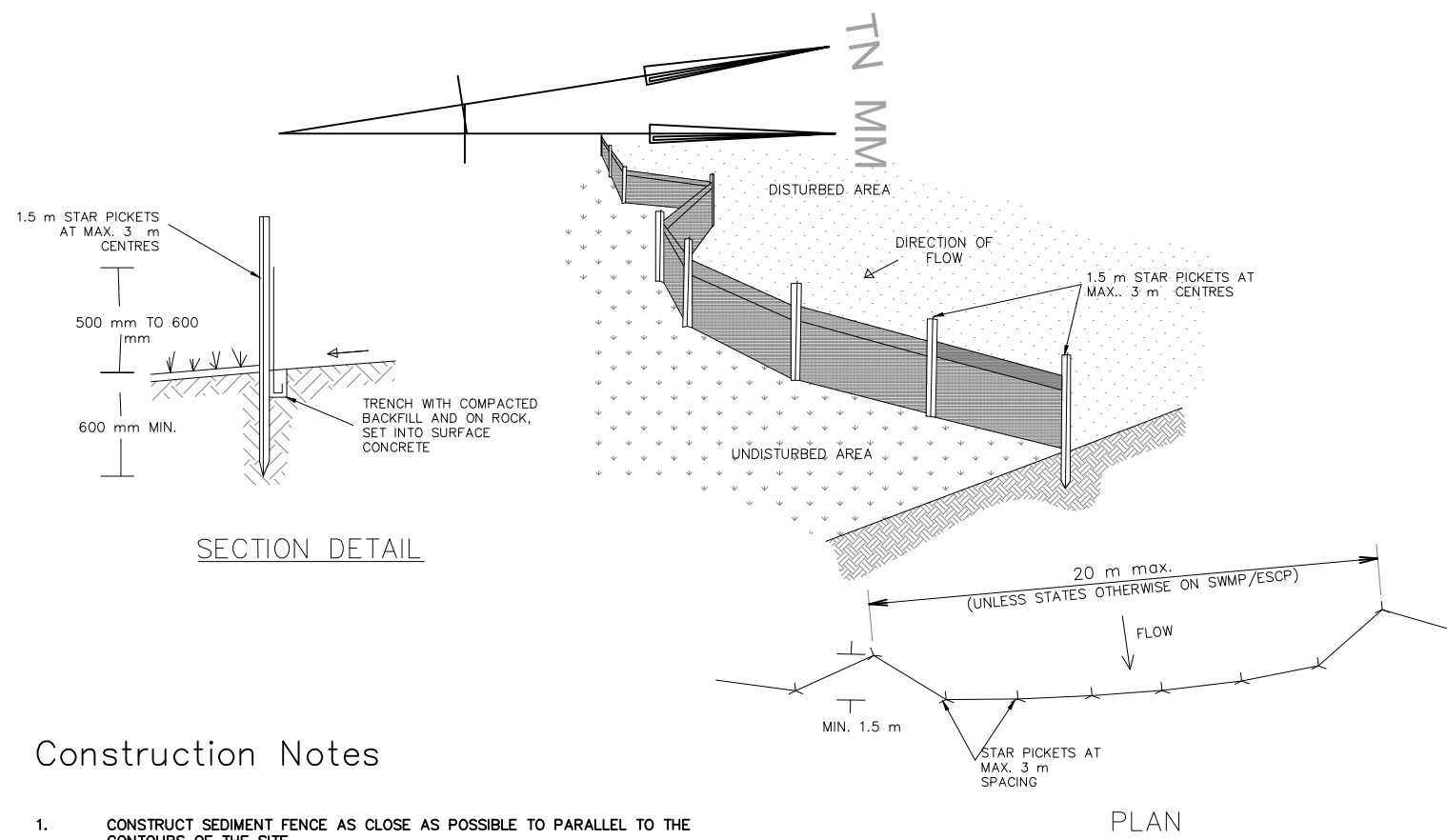
(SOURCE: "SOILS AND CONSTRUCTION", LANDCOM, 2004)



Construction Notes

1. Strip the topsoil, level the site and compact the subgrade.
2. Cover the area with needle-punched geotextile.
3. Construct a 200-mm thick pad over the geotextile using road base or 30-mm aggregate.
4. Ensure the structure is at least 15 meters long or to building alignment and at least 3 metres wide.
5. Where a sediment fence joins onto the stabilised access, construct a hump in the stabilised access to divert water to the sediment fence.

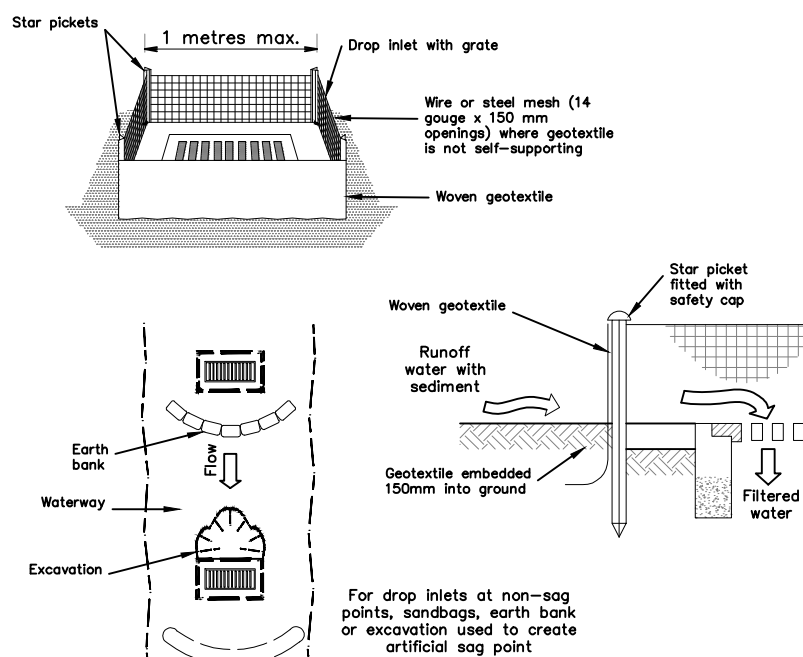
DETAIL — TEMPORARY STABILISED STIDE ACCESS



Construction Notes

1. CONSTRUCT SEDIMENT FENCE AS CLOSE AS POSSIBLE TO PARALLEL TO THE CONTOURS OF THE SITE.
2. DRIVE 1.5 METRE LONG STAR PICKETS INTO GROUND, 3 METRES APART.
3. DIG A 150 MM DEEP TRENCH ALONG THE UPSLOPE LINE OF THE FENCE FOR THE BOTTOM OF THE FABRIC TO BE ENTRENCHED.
4. BACKFILL TRENCH OVER BASE OF FABRIC.
5. FIX SELF-SUPPORTING GEOTEXTILE TO UPSLOPE SIDE OF POSTS WITH WIRE TIES OR AS RECOMMENDED BY GEOTEXTILE MANUFACTURER.
6. JOIN SECTIONS OF FABRIC AT A SUPPORT POST WITH A 150 MM OVERLAP.

DETAIL — SEDIMENT FENCING



Construction Notes

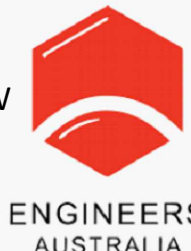
1. Fabricate a sediment barrier made from geotextile or straw bales.
2. In waterways, artificial sag points can be created with sandbags or earth banks as show in the drawing.
3. Do no cover inlet with geotextile unless the design is adequate to allow for all waters to bypass it.

DETAIL — GEOTEXTILE INLET FILTER

REV	DESCRIPTION	ENG	DATE
A	ISSUED FOR CDC	OH	30/07/2024

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Sydney Office
14 Coolaroo Crescent, Lurnea, NSW
0405 337 373
info@Engineertia.com.au
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info@cedardesign.com.au
A.B.N: 87 616 143 961
Phone: 0422 704 479

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GRANNY FLAT

DRAWING TITLE
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